















# Stage 2: Understanding thinking (around 4 years in TC)



Children figure out that what someone believes (e.g., "He thinks," "He knows") affects what that person will do and feel











## **Social-dramatic Play**

- Always involves playing with others
- Involves a special language to plan and create the makebelieve
- Involves language to tune in to child's play partner



# Parents Learn to... Join in Model the next step (depends on child's stage) First: Help the child understand when you're pretending by your tone of voice, facial expression Then: Help the child understand that people can play with something they create with their mind Finally:

Help the child tune in to his play partner

# Parents learn to model...

- Problem solving and negotiating with play partner
- Agreeing or disagreeing with his play partner's suggestions
- · Building on the ideas of play partner
- Asking play partner his opinion



HOH

Best to start...

#### p 151 TalkAbility Tips for Parent/Child Play

- · Plan ahead to avoid problems later
- Use problem-solving words
- · Focus on the positive
- Talk about how people are feeling
- Talk about consequences
- Teach your child something different to do or say to replace inappropriate behaviours
- Help your child figure out what else he can do
- Use a visual helper to work out the problem
- Choose your battles







# Many Social Play Skills

- Plays turn-taking games
- Teams up to make things
- Pretends with other childrenGets stuck and can't

Gets stuck and oproblem-solve

Goals:

Tune in:

- Build on friend's ideas
- Agree or disagree with friend
- · Problem-solve

### The Parent as Play Coach

- Set Up
- Step In
- Step Out



# Find a Friend Do the children like one another? Do the children have similar interests? Is the other child friendly? How many? Siblings? Age? Girl or boy?





# **Girls as Friends**

- More interested in sharing their thoughts and feelings
- A good friend for a boy who needs direction

























